T-79.3001 Logic in computer science: foundations Exercise 12 ([Huth & Ryan, 2000], Chapter 4) May 2–3, 2007

Spring 2007

Tutorial problems

- 1. (a) Write down a program *P* such that $\models_p [true] P [y==x+2]$ holds and prove that this is so.
 - (b) Write down a program P such that P contains an if-statement and

$$\models_p [\texttt{true}] P [\texttt{z} > \texttt{x} + \texttt{y} + 4]$$

holds, and prove that this is so.

2. Show that the following holds for program Prog:

 $\models_p [true] \operatorname{Prog} [x == v - z],$

where Prog is as follows:

```
x = 0;
y = 0;
while(!(y == z)) {
    y = y + 1;
    x = x - 1
}
x = x + v;
```

- 3. (a) For any B_1 , B_2 and P explain why $\models_p [B_1] P [B_2]$, whenever the relation $\models_t [B_1] P [B_2]$ holds.
 - (b) Show that the following holds for program Prog in Exercise 2:

$$\models_t [z \ge 0] \operatorname{Prog} [x == v - z].$$

Demonstration problems

- **4.** Use propositional logic to prove the equivalence of the following statements.
 - (a) !(a==b||a<b)
 - (b) a!=b&&!(b>a)
- 5. Prove the partial correctness in the following cases.
 - (a) $\models_p [x>0] y=x+1 [y>1]$
 - (b) $\models_p [true] y=x; y=x+x+y [y==3*x]$
 - (c) $\models_p [x>1] a=1; y=x; y=y-a [y>0 \&\&x>y]$
- **6.** Show that $\models_p [true] \mathbb{P} [z == \min(x, y)]$, where \mathbb{P} is the following program:

```
if(x>y) then {
    z = y
} else {
    z = x
}
```

7. Show that

(a) ⊨_p [true] Sum [z == x + y]
 (b) ⊨_t [0 <= y] Sum [z == x + y]

where Sum is the following program:

```
z = x;
v = y;
while(!(v == 0)) {
    z = z + 1;
    v = v - 1
}
```