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T-79.148 Introduction to Theoretical Computer Science (2 cr) Exam Tue 17 May, 3-6 p.m.

Write down on each answer sheet:

- Your name, degree programme, and study book number
- The text: "T-79.148 Introduction to Theoretical Computer Science 17.5.2005"
- The total number of answer sheets you are submitting for grading
 - 1. Let L be the language defined by the regular expression $(a \cup \epsilon) (ab \cup b)^*$.
 - (a) Give a non-deterministic finite automaton that recognises the language L.
 - (b) Give a minimal deterministic finite automaton that recognises the language L.

8 p.

7 p.

2. Consider the following grammar that produces parenthesis expressions.

$$S \to (S) \mid SS \mid \epsilon$$

- (a) Give a parse tree of the grammar for the string (()()). 4 p.
- (b) Show that the grammar is ambiguous. 4 p.
- (c) Show (precisely!) that the language defined by the grammar is not regular.

7 p.

3. Design a deterministic and single-tape Turing machine that recognises the language $L = \{w \in \{a, b\}^* \mid w = w^R\}$. Present your Turing machine as a state diagram. Show the accepting computation sequence of your machine on input *aba* and the rejecting computation sequence on input *aab*.

15 p.

- 4. Are the following claims *true* or *false*. Motivate your answer.
 - (a) All recursive languages are finite (contain a finite number of strings). 3 p.
 - (b) The regular languages are closed with respect to complementation (i.e. if L is a regular language, then \overline{L} is also a regular language).

4 p.

4 p.

(c) All languages recognised by a deterministic Turing machine are recursive.

(d) The language
$$L = \{a^k c^i b^k \mid i, k \ge 0\}$$
 is context-free. $4 p$.

Total 60 p.

If you complete the feedback form of the course at http://www.cs.hut.fi/ Opinnot/Palaute/kurssipalaute-en.html by May 20, 2005, you will be awarded one bonus exam point.