## **Tutorial problems**

May 4 - May 4, 2009

- **1.** a) Define the following concepts: *theorem*, *contradictory path*, and *structure*.
  - b) What is meant by the notation  $\phi \equiv \psi$ ? Prove in detail that if  $\phi \equiv \psi$ , then  $\phi \land \chi \equiv \psi \land \chi$  for any sentence  $\chi$ .
- **2.** Prove the following claims using semantic tableaux:

a) 
$$\not\models ((A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow C) \leftrightarrow (A \rightarrow (B \rightarrow C))$$

b) 
$$\{ \forall x (P(x) \to R(x)), \forall x (\neg Q(x) \to \neg R(x)) \} \models \forall x (P(x) \to Q(x)) \}$$

Tableau proofs must contain all intermediary steps!

**3.** Derive a Prenex normal form and a clausal form (i.e. a set of clauses *S*) for the sentence

$$\neg(\exists x (A(x) \lor B(x)) \to \exists x A(x) \lor \exists x B(x)).$$

Make *S* as simple as possible. Prove that *S* is unsatisfiable using resolution.

## **Demonstration Problems**

- **4.** Let us consider a stack of books which is described using a binary predicate T(x,y) = "book x is immediately on top of book y in the stack". Suppose that b, c, and d are three constants referring to specific books authored by Böll, Carr, and Dostojevski, respectively.
  - a) Define a ternary predicate B(x,y,z) = "book y appears between books x and z, out of which x appears higher in the stack than y and z" using predicate logic so that your definition covers all books in an individual stack.
  - b) Give a model  $S \models \Sigma$  of your definition  $\Sigma$  on the basis of which it holds that

$$\Sigma \cup \{T(b,c),T(c,d)\} \not\models B(d,c,b).$$

**5.** Explain how the *weakest precondition*  $B_1$  of an if-statement

$$if(B)$$
 then  $\{C_1\}$  else  $\{C_2\}$ 

can be formed given a postcondition  $B_2$  for it. Consider the following program Minus:

$$v = x ; z = y ; while(!(z == 0)) \{z = z - 1 ; v = v - 1\}.$$

Use weakest preconditions and a suitable invariant to establish

$$\models_p [\text{true}] \text{ Minus } [\text{v==x-y}].$$