

**Please note the following: your answers will be graded only if you have passed all the three home assignments before the exam!**

**Assignment 1** (10p)

- (a) Define the following concepts: *theorem*, *contradictory path*, and *structure*.  
(3 × 2p)
- (b) What is meant by the notation  $\phi \equiv \psi$ ?  
Prove in detail that if  $\phi \equiv \psi$ , then  $\phi \wedge \chi \equiv \psi \wedge \chi$  for any sentence  $\chi$ . (4p)

**Assignment 2** (10p) Prove the following claims using semantic tableaux:

- (a)  $\not\models ((A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow C) \leftrightarrow (A \rightarrow (B \rightarrow C))$
- (b)  $\{\forall x(P(x) \rightarrow R(x)), \forall x(\neg Q(x) \rightarrow \neg R(x))\} \models \forall x(P(x) \rightarrow Q(x))$

Tableau proofs must contain all intermediary steps !!!

**Assignment 3** (10p) Derive a Prenex normal form and a clausal form (i.e. a set of clauses  $S$ ) for the sentence

$$\neg(\exists x(A(x) \vee B(x)) \rightarrow \exists xA(x) \vee \exists xB(x)).$$

Make  $S$  as simple as possible. Prove that  $S$  is unsatisfiable using resolution.

**Assignment 4** (10p) Let us consider a stack of books which is described using a binary predicate  $T(x, y) =$  “book  $x$  is immediately on top of book  $y$  in the stack”. Suppose that  $b, c$ , and  $d$  are three constants referring to specific books authored by Böll, Carr, and Dostojevski, respectively.

- (a) Define a ternary predicate  $B(x, y, z) =$  “book  $y$  appears between books  $x$  and  $z$ , out of which  $x$  appears higher in the stack than  $y$  and  $z$ ” using predicate logic so that your definition covers all books in an individual stack.
- (b) Give a model  $\mathcal{S} \models \Sigma$  of your definition  $\Sigma$  on the basis of which it holds that

$$\Sigma \cup \{T(b, c), T(c, d)\} \not\models B(d, c, b).$$

**Assignment 5** (10p)

Explain how the *weakest precondition*  $B_1$  of an if-statement

$$\text{if}(B) \text{ then } \{C_1\} \text{ else } \{C_2\}$$

can be formed given a postcondition  $B_2$  for it.

Consider the following program Minus:

$$v = x ; z = y ; \text{while}(! (z == 0)) \{ z = z - 1 ; v = v - 1 \}.$$

Use weakest preconditions and a suitable invariant to establish

$$\models_p [\text{true}] \text{Minus} [v == x - y].$$