Helsinki University of Technology, Laboratory for Theoretical Computer Science TJ T-79.3001 Logic in Computer Science: Foundations Examination, May 11, 2007

Please note the following: your answers will be graded only if you have passed all the three home assignments before the exam!

Assignment 1 (10p)

- (a) Define the following concepts: *refutation by resolution, free variable occur rence,* and *disagreement set.* $(3 \times 2p)$
- (b) What is meant by the notation $\Sigma \models \phi$?

Prove in detail that if $\Sigma \cup \{\phi\} \models \psi$, then $\Sigma \models \phi \rightarrow \psi$.

Assignment 2 (10*p*) Prove the following claims using semantic tableaux:

(a)
$$\models (A \land B) \lor (\neg A \land C) \to \neg (A \land \neg B) \land (\neg C \to A)$$

(b)
$$\models \exists x (P(x) \lor Q(x)) \leftrightarrow \exists x P(x) \lor \exists x Q(x)$$

Tableau proofs must contain all intermediary steps !!!

Assignment 3 (10*p*) Derive a Prenex normal form and a clausal form (i.e. a set of clauses S) for the sentence

$$\neg(\exists x \forall y G(y, x) \rightarrow \forall y \exists x G(y, x)).$$

Try to make S as simple as possible. Prove that S is unsatisfiable using resolution.

Assignment 4 (10*p*) Let us consider the contents of a book shelf which is described using a binary predicate C(x, y) = "books *x* and *y* are located consecutively on the shelf". Suppose that *b*, *c* and *d* are three constants referring to specific books authored by Böll, Carr, and Dostojevski, respectively.

- (a) Define a ternary predicate B(x, y, z) = "book y appears between books x and z, i.e., after x but before z on the shelf" using predicate logic so that your definition covers all books on an individual shelf.
- (b) Give a model $s \models \Sigma$ of your definition Σ on the basis of which it holds that

$$\Sigma \cup \{C(b,c), C(c,d)\} \not\models B(d,c,b).$$

Assignment 5 (10*p*)

Explain how the *weakest precondition* B_1 of an if-statement

$$if(B)$$
 then $\{C_1\}$ else $\{C_2\}$

can be formed given a postcondition B_2 for it.

Consider the following program Divide:

 $v=0; z=x; while(z>=y) \{z=z-y; v=v+1\}.$

Use weakest preconditions and a suitable invariant to establish

 $\models_p [true] Divide [v==x/y],$

where x / y denotes the integer quotient when x is divided by y.

The name of the course, the course code, the date, your name, your student id, and your signature must appear on every sheet of your answers.

Feedback: http://www.tcs.hut.fi/Studies/T-79.3001/ Please remember the last time tracking questionnaire!