

**T-79.186**  
**Reactive Systems**  
**Home Exercise 3**  
**Deadline 14.3 16.15**

**Spring 2005**

Return your answers by email (Postscript or PDF) to Misa.Keinanen@hut.fi, or on paper to the lecture. Remember to include your name *and* student number.

For this home exercise round use the automata definition used in the lecture slides.

- 1.) (a) Given atomic propositions  $TRY0$  and  $CRO$ , create an automaton  $S_1$ , which accepts all (finite) sequences of valuations such that if  $CRO$  holds at some index, then  $TRY0$  has held at some earlier index.
- (b) Given the atomic propositions  $P, Q$  and  $R$ , create an automaton  $S_2$ , which accepts all (finite) sequences of valuations such that  $P$  precedes  $Q$  before  $R$ . Tip:  $R$  and  $Q$  do not have to become true at any point.
- 2) Express the following properties in LTL. (First define the atomic propositions and their meaning.)
  - (a) If message “m1” is sent infinitely many times by eh sender, then the message “m1” is received infinitely often by the receiver.
  - (b) Only finitely many messages are lost by the data channel “d1”.
  - (c) Always when process “p1” is in the critical section, it will go to non-critical in a finite amount of time steps.
  - (d) If a message “m2” is received by the receiver, then the message “m2” was sent before (or at the same time moment) by the sender.
  - (e) If an addition is fed to a pipelined ALU unit, then the result is ready four time units later (use the  $X$ -operator to denote one time unit).

- 3) Given  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ , consider the following two Büchi automata.

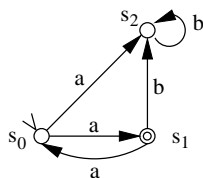


Figure 1:  $\mathcal{A}_1$

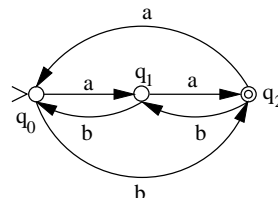


Figure 2:  $\mathcal{A}_2$

- (a) Is it true that  $\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{A}_1) = \emptyset$ ?
- (b) Does automaton  $\mathcal{A}_1$  accept the infinite string  $(a)^\omega$ ?
- (c) Does automaton  $\mathcal{A}_1$  accept the infinite string  $a(b)^\omega$ ?
- (d) Does automaton  $\mathcal{A}_2$  accept the infinite string  $(abb)^\omega$ ?
- (e) Construct the product automaton  $\mathcal{A}_e = \mathcal{A}_1 \times \mathcal{A}_2$ .
- (d) Is it true that  $\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{A}_e) = \emptyset$ ?

Remember to justify your answer. Answering only yes/no or true/false will get you no points!