Reactive Systems: Model Checking Tools

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Model Checking Tools

There is a wide variety of Model checking tools available. Selecting the right tool for the job is sometimes hard. Here are some personal opinions/suggestions for different model checking tools.
S\textsc{PIN}

- Modelling formalism: Promela language, systems can be seen as a set of synchronized extended finite state machines

- Model Checkers: on-the-fly $LTL$, safety through assertions, $LTL$ to Büchi translation

- Other features: partial order reductions and bit-state hashing can be combined with $LTL$ model checking, model slicing

- Comments: Very fast state space generation, fast partial order reduction algorithm, hash table stored in physical memory (instead of on a file on hard-disk), nice xspin GUI

- Suggested uses: Modeling of communication protocols, $LTL$ model checker

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NuSMV2

- Modelling formalism: SMV input language, a simple circuit description language

- Model Checkers: BDD based CTL and LTL model checkers (under fairness), bounded model checking with LTL (including past operators).

- Other features: Deadlock checking, computing the number of reachable states, simulation

- Comments: A strong BDD based CTL model checker (a SMV rewrite), a reasonable bounded LTL model checker

- Suggested uses: verifying digital circuits (or systems easily modeled as circuits), CTL under fairness model checking, bounded model checking

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MARIA

- Modelling formalism: Algebraic Petri nets (including P/T-nets)

- Model Checkers: on-the-fly $LTL$ model checking under (strong and weak) fairness, safety

- Other features: extensive support for structured datatypes, parallel safety model checker

- Comments: useful for systems with complex data manipulations, uses disk to manage larger statespaces

- Suggested uses: systems with lots of fairness constraints, as a back-end for programming languages (datatype support eases this tremendously)

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PROD tool

- Modelling formalism: High-level Petri nets with integer tokens (including P/T-nets)

- Model Checkers: on-the-fly $LTL$ model checking with partial order reductions, safety, livelock detection

- Other features: off-line $CTL$ model checker, stubborn sets and sleep sets

- Comments: very strong partial order reductions available (once you know which flags to use), weak $LTL$ to Büchi translation algorithm, partial order reduction algorithms are internally implemented on low-level Petri nets

- Suggested uses: systems which can be conveniently modeled with low-level Petri nets, where partial order reductions are important

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**Múrφ tool**

- Modelling formalism: guarded command rules (contains some subsets of P/T-nets + much more)

- Model Checkers: safety model checking

- Other features: symmetry reductions, parallel model checking, hash compaction

- Comments: symmetry reductions, slower than SPIN on some models

- Suggested uses: symmetric systems, parallel model checking

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Other Model Checking Tools

Here is a short list of model checking tools, which are somewhat outside of the scope of this course. I give also the suggested application domain.

- Petri net tools: INA, Lola, PEP, Design/CPN, ...
- Uppaal & Kronos: Two tools for model checking timed systems
- Caesar Aldebaran (CADP): A set of model checking tools based on LTSs
- Java Pathfinder 2: Model checker for Java programs
- Bandera: Java abstraction and slicing system, with model checking back-ends
- Slam: A (Microsoft) tool for model checking C programs
- Model Checking Kit: A collection of model checkers in one tool

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Related courses

- T-79.146 Logic in Computer Science: Special Topics I
- T-79.154 Logic in Computer Science: Special Topics II
- T-79.185 Verification
- T-79.193 Formal Description Techniques for Concurrent Systems