

T-79.186 Reactive Systems

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13 Model Checking Tools

There is a wide variety of Model checking tools available. Selecting the right tool for the job is sometimes hard. Here are some personal opinions/suggestions for different model checking tools.

13.1 Spin tool

- Modelling formalism: Promela language, systems can be seen as a set of synchronized extended finite state machines
- Model Checkers: on-the-fly *LTL*, safety through assertions, *LTL* to Büchi translation
- Other features: partial order reductions and bit-state hashing can be combined with *LTL* model checking, model slicing
- Comments: Very fast state space generation, fast partial order reduction algorithm, hash table stored in physical memory (instead of on a file on hard-disk)
- Suggested uses: Modelling of communication protocols, *LTL* model checker

13.2 Mur φ tool

- Modelling formalism: guarded command rules
- Model Checkers: safety model checking
- Other features: symmetry reductions, parallel model checking, hash compaction
- Comments: symmetry reductions, slower than SPIN on some models
- Suggested uses: symmetric systems, parallel model checking

13.3 Maria tool

- Modelling formalism: Algebraic Petri nets
- Model Checkers: on-the-fly *LTL* model checking under (strong and weak) fairness, safety
- Other features: extensive support for structured datatypes, parallel safety model checker
- Comments: useful for systems with complex data manipulations, uses disk to manage larger statespaces
- Suggested uses: systems with lots of fairness constraints, as a back-end for programming languages (datatype support eases this tremendously)

13.4 PROD tool

- Modelling formalism: High-level Petri nets with integer tokens
- Model Checkers: on-the-fly *LTL* model checking with partial order reductions, safety, livelock detection
- Other features: off-line *CTL* model checker, stubborn sets and sleep sets
- Comments: very strong partial order reductions available (once you know which flags to use), weak *LTL* to Büchi translation algorithm, partial order reduction algorithms are internally implemented on low-level Petri nets
- Suggested uses: systems which can be conveniently modelled with low-level Petri nets, where partial order reductions are important

13.5 Other Model Checking Tools

Here is a short list of model checking tools, which are somewhat outside of the scope of this course. I give also the suggested application domain.

- NuSMV2: A model checker for digital circuits, with Bdd's and bounded model checking (SMV rewrite)
- Uppaal & Kronos: Two tools for model checking timed systems
- Caesar Aldebaran (CADP): A set of model checking tools based on LTSs
- Java Pathfinder 2: Model checker for Java programs
- Bandera: Java abstraction and slicing system, with model checking back-ends
- Slam: A (Microsoft) tool for model checking C programs
- Verisoft: A tool for analysing multithreaded C++ programs