



Authentication functions

- Authentication functions are cryptographic primitives which are used by message authentication protocols between two parties, sender and receiver. Sender attaches to the message an authenticator. Receiver uses the authenticator to verify authenticity of the message.
- Authentication functions:
 - Message encryption
 - Message authentication code (MAC function)
 - Hash function

Message Authentication Protocols Messages are sent from Alice to Bob: Authenticity requirements: 1. Bob can verify that Alice sent the message 2. Bob can verify that the contents of the message is as it was when Alice sent it. Bob can prove to Carol that Alice sent the message 3. Bob can prove to Carol what the message contents was when 4. Alice sent it. 5. Alice cannot deny that she sent the message. Requirements 1 and 2 can be fulfilled using protocols based on symmetric key authentication functions. Requirements 3-5 can be fulfilled only using protocols based on asymmetric (public key) cryptosystems: Digital Signatures 4

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