T-79.154 **Syksy 2001**
Logiikka tietotekniikassa: erityiskysymyksiä II
Laskuharjoitus 6
Ratkaisut

1. a)

$$T_S(\emptyset) \uparrow 0 = \{R\}$$
$$T_S(\emptyset) \uparrow 1 = \{R, Q_1\}$$
$$T_S(\emptyset) \uparrow 2 = \{R, Q_1, P_1\}$$
$$T_S(\emptyset) \uparrow 3 = \{R, Q_1, P_1, S_1\}$$
$$T_S(\emptyset) \uparrow 4 = \{R, Q_1, P_1, S_1\}$$

Siis $M_S = \{R, Q_1, P_1, S_1\}$.

b)

R	$[R]$
Q_1	$[Q_1 \leftarrow R]$
P_1	$[P_1 \leftarrow Q_1]$
S_1	$[S_1 \leftarrow P_1 \wedge Q_1]$

c)

$$T_S(\emptyset) \uparrow 0 = \{Q(a)\}$$
$$T_S(\emptyset) \uparrow 1 = \{Q(g^i(a))\}_{i=0}^{1}$$
$$T_S(\emptyset) \uparrow 2 = \{Q(g^i(a))\}_{i=0}^{2}$$
$$\vdots$$
$$T_S(\emptyset) \uparrow n = \{Q(g^i(a))\}_{i=0}^{n}$$
$$\vdots$$
$$T_S(\emptyset) \uparrow \omega = \{Q(g^i(a))\}_{i=0}^{\infty}$$

2. a) Klausuulijoukon S Herbrand-instantiaatio S_H on:

$$\begin{array}{l}\{\ d(1) \leftarrow\ a(1), b(1); d(2) \leftarrow\ a(2), b(2);\\ \ \ d(3) \leftarrow\ a(3), b(3); d(4) \leftarrow\ a(4), b(4);\\ \ \ e(1,1) \leftarrow\ d(1), d(1); e(1,2) \leftarrow\ d(1), d(2);\\ \ \ e(1,3) \leftarrow\ d(1), d(3); e(1,4) \leftarrow\ d(1), d(4);\\ \ \ e(2,1) \leftarrow\ d(2), d(1); e(2,2) \leftarrow\ d(2), d(2);\\ \ \ e(2,3) \leftarrow\ d(2), d(3); e(2,4) \leftarrow\ d(2), d(4);\\ \ \ e(3,1) \leftarrow\ d(3), d(1); e(3,2) \leftarrow\ d(3), d(2);\\ \ \ e(3,3) \leftarrow\ d(3), d(3); e(3,4) \leftarrow\ d(3), d(4);\\ \ \ e(4,1) \leftarrow\ d(4), d(1); e(4,2) \leftarrow\ d(4), d(2);\\ \ \ e(4,3) \leftarrow\ d(4), d(3); e(4,4) \leftarrow\ d(4), d(4);\\ \ \ a(1); a(2); b(2); b(3); c(4)\ \}\end{array}$$

b) Ja sen minimimalli:

$$\begin{array}{l}T_{S_H}(\emptyset) \uparrow 0 = \{a(1), a(2), b(2), b(3), c(4)\}\\ T_{S_H}(\emptyset) \uparrow 1 = \{d(2), a(1), a(2), b(2), b(3), c(4)\}\\ T_{S_H}(\emptyset) \uparrow 3 = \{e(2,2), d(2), a(1), a(2), b(2), b(3), c(4)\}\end{array}$$

c) Pienin instantiaatio G saadaan S_H:sta jättämällä pois kaikki säännöt, joiden vartalossa esiintyy totutumattomia atomeita:

$$\begin{array}{l}G = \{\ d(2) \leftarrow\ a(2), b(2), e(2,2) \leftarrow\ d(2), d(2);\\ \qquad a(1); a(2); b(2); b(3); c(4)\}\end{array}$$